

1. Let  $W(t_0, t_1)$  denote the Gramian (see page 7 Lecture Notes 1) for the accessibility question.

If it is invertible for  $t \in [t_0, t_1)$

show that the inverse  $K(t) = W(t, t_1)^{-1}$  satisfies the Riccati differential equation

~~$\frac{d}{dt} W(t, t_1) = -A^T(t) W(t, t_1) - W(t, t_1) A(t) + W(t, t_1) B(t) B^T(t) W(t, t_1)$~~

$$\frac{d}{dt} K = -A^T(t) K(t) - K(t) A(t) + K(t) B(t) B^T(t) K(t)$$

show also that

$$W(t_0, t_1) = W(t_0, t) +$$

$$\Phi(t_0, t) W(t, t_1) \Phi^T(t_0, t)$$

2. In the capacitor charging problem of the example on page 9 of the notes, how does the efficiency change when a series inductor  $L$  is introduced?  
 inductance

3. Consider the modification to the cost  $\eta$  of the free endpoint problem of Lecture Notes 2 given as,

$$\eta = \int_{t_0}^{t_1} [u'(t) \quad x'(t)] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & N(t) \\ N'(t) & L(t) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u(t) \\ x(t) \end{bmatrix} dt + x^T(t_1) Q x(t_1)$$

for the system  $\dot{x}(t) = A(t)x(t) + B(t)u(t)$   
 $x(t_0) = x_0$ .

Mimicking Theorem 1 of Lecture Notes 2 (see page 2) derive a formula for optimal control.

[ will discuss relevant material in class on February 7 ]

4. Find  $u(\cdot)$  such that the scalar system

$$\dot{x} = -x + u$$

is driven from  $x_0 = 1$  at  $t_0 = 0$  to

$x_1 = 0$  at  $t_1 = 1$  and the cost

$$\eta = \int_0^{1/2} u^2(\sigma) d\sigma + 2 \int_{1/2}^1 u^2(\sigma) d\sigma$$

is minimized